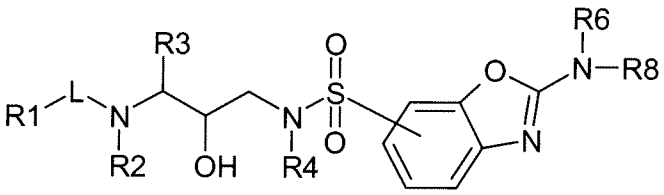
## LISTING OF CLAIMS

*This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned application.*

**Claims 1-35. (cancelled).**

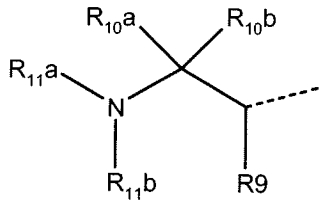
36. (New) A method for preparing a compound of formula (9),




(9)

or a trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate or methanesulfonate salt thereof;

wherein $R_1$ is hydrogen, phenyl$C_{1-6}$alkyl, a saturated or partially unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring members, which contains one or more heteroatom ring members selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur, or phenyl; or $R_1$ is a radical of formula (10)




(10)

wherein $R_9$, $R_{10a}$ and $R_{10b}$ are each independently, hydrogen, $C_{1-4}$alkyloxycarbonyl, carboxyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di($C_{1-4}$alkyl)aminocarbonyl, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkyl, $C_{2-6}$alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$alkynyl or $C_{1-4}$alkyl; or $R_9$, $R_{10a}$ and the carbon atoms to which they are attached may also form a $C_{3-7}$cycloalkyl radical;

L is -O-C(=O)- or -O–$C_{1-6}$alkanediyl-C(=O)-, whereby in each case the C(=O) group is attached to the $NR_2$ moiety; and when L is -O–$C_{1-6}$alkanediyl-C(=O)- or –$NR_{12}$-$C_{1-6}$alkanediyl-C(=O)-, then $R_9$ may also be oxo;

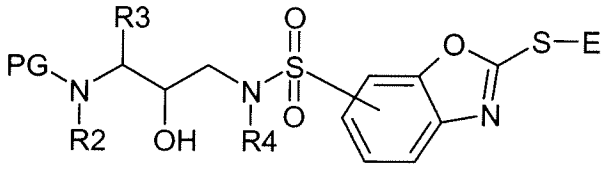
$R_{11a}$ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, $C_{2-6}$alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$alkynyl, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkyl, phenyl, aminocarbonyl, $C_{1-4}$alkyloxycarbonyl, phenyloxycarbonyl, $C_{1-4}$alkylcarbonyl, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkylcarbonyl, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkyl$C_{1-4}$alkyloxycarbonyl, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkylcarbonyloxy, carboxyl$C_{1-4}$alkylcarbonyloxy, $C_{1-4}$alkylcarbonyloxy, phenyl$C_{1-4}$alkylcarbonyloxy, phenylcarbonyloxy, phenyloxycarbonyloxy;

$R_{11b}$ is selected from the group comprising hydrogen, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkyl, $C_{2-6}$alkenyl, $C_{2-6}$alkynyl, phenyl, or $C_{1-4}$alkyl or $C_{1-4}$alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxy, $C_{1-4}$alkylS(=O)$_t$, phenyl, $C_{3-7}$cycloalkyl; t being zero, one or two;

whereby $R_{11b}$ may be linked to the remainder of the molecule via a sulfonyl group; $R_2$ is hydrogen; $R_3$ is phenylmethyl; $R_4$ is unsubstituted $C_{1-6}$alkyl; $NR_6R_8$ is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino; and L is -O-C(=O)- or -O–$C_{1-6}$alkanediyl-C(=O)-, whereby in each case the C(=O) group is attached to the $NR_2$ moiety;

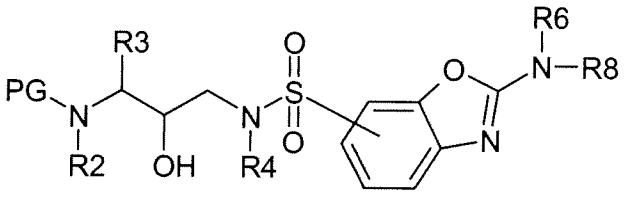
the method comprising

(a) aminating a compound of formula (6)




(6)

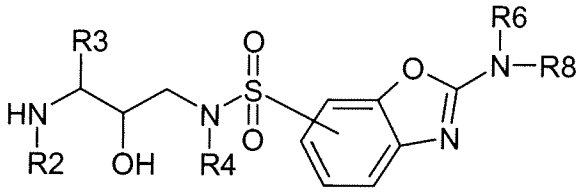
wherein PG is a protecting group and E is $C_{1-6}$ alkyl; to obtain compound of formula (7),




(7)

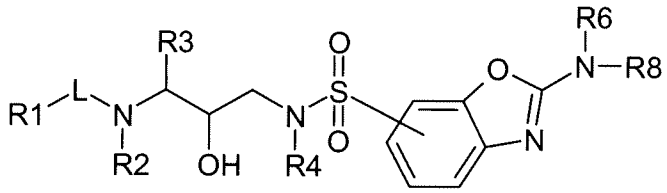
wherein $NR_6R_8$ is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino;

(b) deprotecting the compound of formula (7) to obtain compound of formula (8),



(8)

(c) and coupling a radical of formula $R_1$-L- to obtain the desired compound of formula (9),



(9)

or a trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate or methanesulfonate salt thereof.